## Take charge of your heart health

# Trust your instincts and talk to your doctor.

Many don't know that heart disease is the leading cause of premature death for women in Canada. At the same time, most women do not talk regularly with their healthcare provider about their own heart risks.

It's time to take charge of your heart health.

Here are some ways you can improve communication with your doctor about preventing heart disease:

- Take a few minutes to learn about your own risks.
- Trust your instincts. If something concerns you, tell your doctor.
- Learn the <u>signs of heart attack</u> so that you can get help fast (see over).



## Do you know your risks?

Some risk factors for heart disease (high blood pressure, diabetes, alcohol intake and lack of physical activity) pose an even greater threat for women than for men.

Check the risk factors that could apply to you and talk about them with your healthcare provider.

Medical conditions	Lifestyle risk factors	Risk factors you cannot control	
☐ High blood pressure	☐ Unhealthy diet	☐ Age – especially after menopause	
☐ High cholesterol levels	☐ Not enough exercise	$\square$ South Asian or African heritage	
☐ Pre-eclampsia (high blood	☐ Unhealthy weight	☐ Indigenous heritage	
pressure during pregnancy)	☐ Smoking	☐ Family history of heart disease	
☐ Diabetes	☐ Birth control or hormone replacement therapy	or stroke/TIA (transient ischemic attack)	
☐ Atrial fibrillation (an irregular heart rhythm)		,	
	☐ Heavy drinking	<ul> <li>Personal circumstances – challenges accessing healthy food, safe drinking water, health</li> </ul>	
Other	☐ Stress		
	☐ Other	services and social services	



## **Talking about heart** disease. Your life could depend on it.

Talking honestly with your healthcare provider about your concerns is important to your health. But clear communication can be challenging. Before your appointment, write down the things that are worrying you and the questions you want to ask. Share information about your lifestyle and any emotional or physical challenges you are facing. Pressures such as money problems, relationships or demands at work can all affect your emotional well-being and your ability to live a healthy lifestyle.

#### Here are some sample questions to ask.

have a family history of heart disease. What does that mean for me?
am getting close to menopause. Will that affect my heart?
What does high blood pressure mean? Can I monitor it myself?
Add your own questions.

#### Communication goes both ways.

If someone takes your blood pressure, ask them what your numbers are, what your numbers mean, and what your numbers should be. That goes for other tests and health indicators too.

Blood pressure:	My BP is:	My target is:	
Cholesterol:	My level is:	My target is:	
Weight:	My waist circumference is:	My target is:	
Other:			
Other:			

### Do you know how to tell if you are having a heart attack?

Do you know what to do if you experience the signs of heart attack?

## Signs of heart attack

#### Women take note:

For both men and women, the most common heart attack sign is chest pain or discomfort; however, women can experience a heart attack without chest pressure. They may experience shortness of breath, pressure or pain in the lower chest or upper abdomen, dizziness, lightheadedness or fainting, upper back pressure or extreme fatigue.







discomfort





A healthy lifestyle can reduce your risk of high blood pressure, diabetes, obesity and other conditions that increase your risk of heart disease and stroke. Talk about the lifestyle changes you want to make, such as eating a healthy diet or being physically active. Can your doctor suggest resources to help you?

Steps I want to take:

